

MICROSAR I-PDU Multiplexer

Technical Reference

Version 2.06.00

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Document Information

History

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Markus Bart	2013-01-29	2.01.00	ESCAN00063294 AR4-197: Support BIG_ENDIAN Copy Segments in IpduM
Gunnar Meiss	2013-04-04	2.02.00	ESCAN00064368 AR4-325: Post-Build Loadable
Markus Bart	2014-11-05	2.03.00	AR4-698: Post-Build Selectable (Identity Manager)
Markus Bart	2014-12-01	2.04.00	FEAT-229: Support 16bit selector in IpduM [AR4-927]
Markus Bart	2015-08-11	2.05.00	FEAT-1315: IPDUM for CAN-FD supporting nPdu2Frame-Mapping
Gunnar Meiss	2016-02-25	2.06.00	FEAT-1631: Trigger Transmit API with SduLength In/Out according to ASR4.2.2

Reference Documents

No.	Source	Title	Version
[1]	AUTOSAR	AUTOSAR_SWS_IPDUMultiplexer.pdf	2.2.0
[2]	AUTOSAR	AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf	1.6.0
[3]	Vector	TechnicalReference_PostBuildLoadable.pdf	1.0.0



Caution

We have configured the programs in accordance with your specifications in the questionnaire. Whereas the programs do support other configurations than the one specified in your questionnaire, Vector's release of the programs delivered to your company is expressly restricted to the configuration you have specified in the questionnaire.



Caution

This symbol calls your attention to warnings.



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1 Component History

The component history gives an overview over the important milestones that are supported in the different versions of the component.

Component Version	New Features
1.00	► Component in conformance with AUTOSAR 3.2.1
2.00	► AUTOSAR 4.0.3
2.01	► BIG_ENDIAN copy segments
2.02	Support post-build loadable
3.00	Support post-build selectable
	Support deleting container at post-build time
4.00	Extend support for module initialization
6.00	► Support 16 bit selector
	 Support selector using more than one byte (i.e. crossing byte boundaries)
6.01	Support nPdu-to-Frame Mapping for CAN-FD

Table 1-1 Component history



2 Introduction

This document describes the functionality, API and configuration of the AUTOSAR BSW module IPDUM as specified in [1].

Supported AUTOSAR Release*:	4.x	
Supported Configuration Variants:	PRE-COMPILE [SELECTABLE] POST-BUILD-LOADABLE [SELECTABLE]	
Vendor ID:	IPDUM_VENDOR_ID	30 decimal (= Vector-Informatik, according to HIS)
Module ID:	IPDUM_MODULE_ID	52 decimal (according to ref. [2])

^{*} For the precise AUTOSAR Release 4.x please see the release specific documentation.

Multiplexing is a concept generally used to save CAN identifiers where an I-PDU with a CAN ID is used to carry different I-PDUs thereby saving the CAN IDs for the I-PDUs it carries. The IpduM can be used also with Flexray and LIN.

I-PDU multiplexing means using the same PCI of a PDU with more than one unique layouts of its SDU. The SDU in a multiplexed I-PDU contains a selector field which is used to determine the layout of the SDU being multiplexed or de-multiplexed. The AUTOSAR IpduM multiplexes a dynamic part along with or without a static part. Each dynamic and static part is an independent signal-I-PDU in AUTOSAR BSW module Com.



2.1 Architecture Overview

The following figure shows where the IPDUM is located in the AUTOSAR architecture.

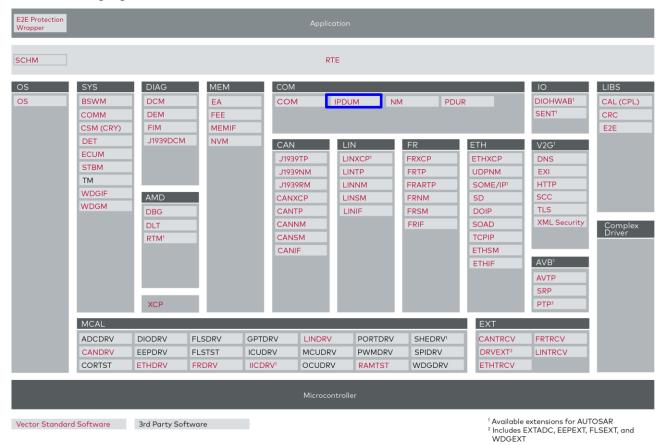


Figure 2-1 AUTOSAR 4.1 Architecture Overview

Figure 2-2 AUTOSAR architecture



The next figure shows the interfaces to adjacent modules of the IPDUM. These interfaces are described in chapter 4.2.

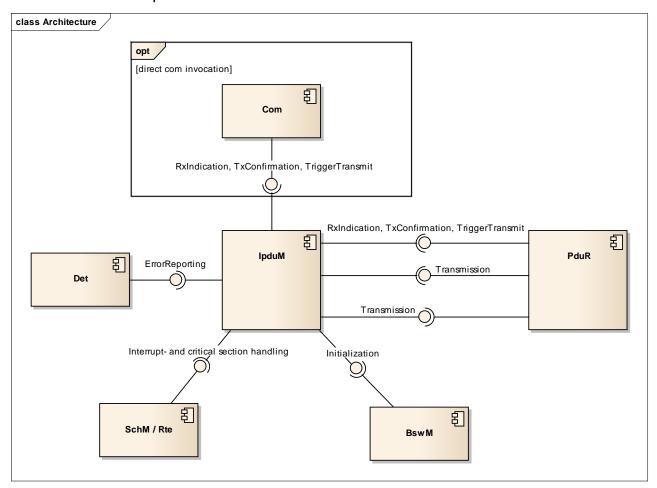


Figure 2-3 Interfaces to adjacent modules of the IPDUM

Normally the IpduM only interacts with the PduR. If required the IpduM can interface Com directly bypassing the PduR while indicating receptions and confirming transmissions.

The IpduM also uses the interfaces to the BSW Scheduler and Det.



3 Functional Description

3.1 Features

The features listed in the following tables cover the complete functionality specified for the IPDUM.

The AUTOSAR standard functionality is specified in [1], the corresponding features are listed in the tables

- > Table 3-1 Supported AUTOSAR standard conform features
- > Table 3-2 Not supported AUTOSAR standard conform features
- > Table 3-3 Features provided beyond the AUTOSAR standard

For further information of not supported features see also chapter 6.

The following features specified in [1] are supported:

Supported Feature

Configuration

- > Multiplexing of the static and dynamic parts.
- > Event base transmission triggering of the multiplexed I-PDU(s).
- Forwarding confirmations of all transmitted multiplexed I-PDUs to the BSW module AUTOSAR Com.
- > Timeout handling of transmission confirmations.
- De-multiplexing and indicating receptions of the de-multiplexed dynamic parts and static part to the BSW module AUTOSAR Com.
- > Static part configuration support in multiplex I-PDU(s).
- > AUTOSAR EcuC format
- > Initialization of transmission multiplex I-PDU buffers. This is required by e.g. Frlf in case the transmission of a multiplex I-PDU is triggered by interface layer BSW module before the transmission of their mapped dynamic and or static parts is requested.
- > Just-in-Time Update of dynamic and / or static parts.
- > DET error reporting.

Table 3-1 Supported AUTOSAR standard conform features



The following features specified in [1] are not supported:

Not Supported AUTOSAR Standard Conform Features

 Configuring of transmission confirmations of transmitted multiplexed I-PDUs AUTOSAR Com.

Table 3-2 Not supported AUTOSAR standard conform features

The following features are provided beyond the AUTOSAR standard:

Features Provided Beyond The AUTOSAR Standard

> nPdu-to-Frame mapping for CAN-FD

Table 3-3 Features provided beyond the AUTOSAR standard

3.2 Initialization

The IpduM is initialized by calling the API <code>IpduM_Init()</code>. This is done by the AUTOSAR BSW module EcuM. If this is not the case, an adequate and suitable solution has to be provided.

The API initializes all the transmission multiplex I-PDU(s) buffer(s) and all runtime relevant module variables. The successful execution of the API initializes the IpduM.



Caution

No IpduM function should pre-empt $IpduM_Init()$. The function should be called on task level and should not to be interrupted by other administrative function calls.

3.3 States

The IpduM has the states: uninitialized and initialized. By calling IpduM_Init(), the state is changed from uninitialized to initialized.

3.4 Main Functions

IpduM provides all functions described in [1]. The function <code>IpduM_MainFunction()</code> should be called cyclically by the Basic Software Scheduler or a similar component. The <code>IpduM_MainFunction()</code> primarily takes care of the timeout handling of the multiplexed I-PDU transmission confirmations.

3.5 Error Handling

3.5.1 Development Error Reporting

By default, development errors are reported to the DET using the service <code>Det_ReportError()</code> as specified in [1], if development error reporting is enabled (i.e. pre-compile parameter <code>IPDUM_DEV_ERROR_DETECT==STD_ON()</code>). The DET reporting can be enabled during pre-compile time.



If another module is used for development error reporting, the function prototype for reporting the error can be configured by the integrator, but must have the same signature as the service <code>Det_ReportError()</code>.

The reported IPDUM ID is 52.

The reported services IDs identify the IPDUM services as specified by [1]. For the service IDs and their related service names see section 8.3 of [1].

The errors reported to DET are described in section 7.6 of [1].

3.6 nPdu-to-Frame mapping for CAN-FD

This feature was backported from AUTOSAR 4.2.1. It can be used to collect multiple PDUs and transfer them in one CAN-FD frame, for saving bandwidth or tunneling several classic CAN busses over one CAN-FD bus. The IpduM module handles packing and unpacking of those frames similar to the multiplexing feature.

Several "contained" PDUs can be put into a single "container" PDU in arbitrary order and unpacked in the same order on the receiver side. Transmission is triggered by one of these conditions:

- Contained PDU send timeout runs out.
- Container PDU send timeout runs out.
- Size threshold of container PDU is reached.
- Contained PDU is configured for immediate transmission.
- > Container PDU is configured for immediate transmission.

On the receiver side, the contained PDUs are retrieved from the container PDU again and RxIndications are created for every single contained PDU in the same order they were put into the container PDU. For even greater flexibility, a container PDU on the receiver side can be configured to accept any contained PDU instead of just the ones that are configured.



4 Integration

This chapter provides information necessary for the integration of the MICROSAR IPDUM into an application environment of an ECU.

4.1 Scope of Delivery

The delivery of the IPDUM contains the files which are described in the chapters 4.1.1 and 4.1.2:

4.1.1 Static Files

File Name	Source Code Delivery	Object Code Delivery	Description
lpduM.c			This is the source file of the IPDUM
lpduM.h	-	-	This is the header file of IPDUM
lpduM_Cbk.h		-	This is the callback header file of IPDUM

Table 4-1 Static files

4.1.2 Dynamic Files

The dynamic files are generated by the configuration tool DaVinci Configurator.

File Name	Description
IpduM_Cfg.h	This file contains:
	> global constant macros
	> global function macros
	> global data types and structures
	> global data prototypes
	global function prototypesof CONFIG-CLASS PRE-COMPILE data.
IpduM_Lcfg.h	This file contains:
	> global constant macros
	> global function macros
	> global data types and structures
	> global data prototypes
	> global function prototypes
	of CONFIG-CLASS LINK data.
IpduM_Lcfg.c	This file contains:
	> local constant macros
	> local function macros
	> local data types and structures



File Name	Description
	> local data prototypes
	> local data
	> global data
	of CONFIG-CLASS LINK and PRE-COMPILE data.
IpduM_PBcfg.h	This file contains:
	> global constant macros
	> global function macros
	> global data types and structures
	> global data prototypes
	> global function prototypes
	of CONFIG-CLASS POST-BUILD data.
IpduM_PBcfg.c	This file contains:
	> local constant macros
	> local function macros
	> local data types and structures
	> local data prototypes
	> local data
	> global data
	of CONFIG-CLASS POST-BUILD data.

Table 4-2 Generated files

4.2 Critical Sections

The critical section IPDUM_EXCLUSIVE_AREA_0 has to lock global interrupts to protect common critical sections.



5 API Description

For an interfaces overview please see Figure 2-3.

5.1 Services provided by IPDUM

5.1.1 IpduM_InitMemory

Prototype		
void IpduM_InitMemory (void)		
Parameter		
void	none	
Return code		
void	none	

Functional Description

The function initializes variables, which cannot be initialized with the startup code.

Particularities and Limitations

- IpduM_Init() is not called yet.
- > The function is called by the Application.

Expected Caller Context

The function must be called on task level.

5.1.2 **IpduM_Init**

Prototype		
<pre>void IpduM_Init (const IpduM_ConfigType* config)</pre>		
Parameter		
config	 NULL_PTR in the IPDUM_CONFIGURATION_VARIANT_PRECOMPILE Pointer to the IpduM configuration data in the IPDUM_CONFIGURATION_VARIANT_POSTBUILD_LOADABLE 	
Return code		
void	none	
Formational December		

Functional Description

This function initializes the IpduM and performs configuration consistency checks. If the initialization is performed successfully the IpduM is initialized.

Particularities and Limitations

- > IpduM_InitMemory() has been executed, if the startup code does not initialize variables. The IpduM is in the state uninitialized.
- > No IpduM function shall not pre-empt IpduM Init()

Expected Caller Context



> The function is used by the Ecu State Manager.

5.1.3 **IpduM_Transmit**

Prototype	
StdReturnType IpduN PduInfoPtr)	<pre>1_Transmit (PduIdType PdumTxPduId, const PduInfoType*</pre>
Parameter	
PdumTxPduId	ID of transmit request (static or dynamic part). Identifies the payload.
PduInfoPtr	Payload information of the I-PDU (pointer to data and data length).
Return code	
StdReturnType	E_OK: The request was accepted by the IpduM and by the destination layer. E_NOT_OK: The request was rejected because: the IpduM is not initialized or the provided PduInfoPtr is NULL or the SduDataPtr of the PduInfoPtr is NULL or the PdumTxPduId is not in the expected range or the destination layer did not accept the transmission request.

Functional Description

The function serves to request the transmission of a static or dynamic part.

Particularities and Limitations

- > The IpduM_Init() has been executed successfully.
- > The function is non-reentrant for the same PdumTxPduld.

Expected Caller Context

- > The function is called by the PduR.
- > The function is called in an interrupt context and at the task level



5.1.4 IpduM MainFunction

Prototype		
void IpduM_MainFunction (void)		
Parameter		
void	none	
Return code		
void	none	

Functional Description

This function shall perform the processing of the IpduM processing which is not directly initiated by calls from the PduR.

A call to IpduM MainFunction returns simply if IpduM was not previously initialized with a call to IpduM Init.

Particularities and Limitations

- > The IpduM_Init() has been executed successfully.
- > The function is called cyclically by the BSW scheduler

Expected Caller Context

The function is called on task level

5.1.5 IpduM_GetVersionInfo

Prototype		
<pre>void IpduM_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo)</pre>		
Parameter		
versioninfo	Pointer to the structure to write the version info to.	
Return code		
void	none	
Functional Description		
Returns the version information of the IpduM.		

Particularities and Limitations

> none

Expected Caller Context

- > The function can be called on interrupt and task level.
- > The function is called by the Application.



5.2 Services used by IPDUM

In the following table services provided by other components, which are used by the IPDUM are listed. For details about prototype and functionality refer to the documentation of the providing component.

Component	API
Det	Det_ReportError
PduR	PduR_lpduMTransmit
PduR	PduR_IpduMTxConfirmation
PduR	PduR_lpduMRxIndication
PduR	PduR_IpduMTriggerTransmit
Com	Com_RxIndication
Com	Com_TxConfirmation
Com	Com_TriggerTransmit
BSW Scheduler	SchM_Enter_lpduM
BSW Scheduler	SchM_Exit_IpduM

Table 5-6 Services used by the IPDUM



5.3 Callback Functions

This chapter describes the callback functions that are implemented by the IPDUM and can be invoked by other modules. The prototypes of the callback functions are provided in the header file <code>IpduM Cbk.h</code> by the IPDUM.

5.3.1 IpduM_RxIndication

	Prototype	
	<pre>void IpduM_RxIndication (PduIdType RxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr)</pre>	
	Parameter	
	RxPduId	ID of received multiplexed I-PDU. Identifies the payload.
	PduInfoPtr	Contains the length (SduLength) of the received I-PDU and a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing the I-PDU.
Return code		
	void	none

Functional Description

This service indicates the complete reception of an IpduM I-PDUs. It de-multiplexes the received multiplexed I-PDU.

Particularities and Limitations

- > The IpduM Init() has been executed successfully
- > The function is non-reentrant for the same PdumRxPduld.

Expected Caller Context

The function is called by the PduR. The function is called in an interrupt context or at the task level

5.3.2 IpduM TxConfirmation

5.5.2 ipadim_1x00iiiiiiiatioii		
Prototype		
void IpduM_TxConfirmation (PduIdType TxPduId)		
Parameter		
TxPduId	ID of transmitted multiplexed IPDU.	
Return code		
void	none	
Functional Description		

Functional Description

This service confirms the transmissions of the dynamic and static parts contained in the multiplexed IPDU whose transmission is confirmed.

Particularities and Limitations

- The IpduM_Init() has been executed successfully
- > The function is non-reentrant for the same PdumTxPduId.



Expected Caller Context

> The function is called by the PduR. The function is called in an interrupt context or at the task level

5.3.3 IpduM_TriggerTransmit

Prototype Std_ReturnType IpduM_TriggerTransmit (PduIdType TxPduId, PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr) Parameter TxPduId ID of transmission multiplexed IPDU. PduInfoPtr Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where the SDU data shall be

	indicate the length of the copied SDU data in SduLength.
Return code	
Std_ReturnType	E_OK: SDU has been copied and SduLength indicates the number of copied bytes.
	E_NOT_OK: No data has been copied, because IpduM is not initialized or TxPduId is not valid or PduInfoPtr is NULL_PTR or SduDataPtr is NULL_PTR or SduLength is to small or the SDU data could not be updated because the

successful for multiplexed messages.

copied, and the available buffer size in SduLengh. On return, the service will

just in time update via a trigger transmit call of the upper layer was not

Functional Description

This service copies the transmission multiplexed IPDU to the provided buffer.

Particularities and Limitations

- The IpduM_Init() has been executed successfully
- > The function is non-reentrant for the same TxPduld

Expected Caller Context

The function is called by the PduR module. The function is called in an interrupt context or at the task level



6 Configuration

The IPDUM in the EcuC can be configured through the Vector configuration and generation tool CFG5.

6.1 Configuration of Post-Build

The configuration of post-build loadable is described in [3].



7 AUTOSAR Standard Compliance

7.1 Deviations

No deviations.

7.2 Additions/ Extensions

No additions/ extensions.

7.3 Limitations

See Table 3-2 Not supported AUTOSAR standard conform features.



8 Glossary and Abbreviations

8.1 Glossary

Term	Description
BSWMD	The BSWMD is a formal notation of all information belonging to a certain BSW artifact (BSW module or BSW cluster) in addition to the implementation of that artifact.
Buffer	A buffer in a memory area normally in the RAM. It is an area that the application has reserved for data storage.
CFG5	Configurator 5 (configuration and generation tool)
Component	CAN Driver, Network Management are software COMPONENTS in contrast to the expression module, which describes an ECU.
Confirmation	A service primitive defined in the ISO/OSI Reference Model (ISO 7498). With the service primitive 'confirmation' a service provider informs a service user about the result of a preceding service request of the service user. Notification by the CAN Driver on asynchronous successful transmission of a CAN message.
Electronic Control Unit	Also known as ECU. Small embedded computer system consisting of at least one CPU and corresponding periphery which is placed in one housing.
Event	An exclusive signal which is assigned to a certain extended task. An event can be used to send binary information to an extended task. The meaning of events is defined by the application. Any task can set an event for an extended task. The event can only be cleared by the task which is assigned to the event.
Interrupt	Processor-specific event which can interrupt the execution of a current program section.
Post-build	This type of configuration is possible after building the software module or the ECU software. The software may either receive parameters of its configuration during the download of the complete ECU software resulting from the linkage of the code, or it may receive its configuration file that can be downloaded to the ECU separately, avoiding a re-compilation and re-build of the ECU software modules. In order to make the post-build time re-configuration possible, the re-configurable parameters shall be stored at a known memory location of ECU storage area.
Scheduler	The algorithm which decides whether a task switch is to be affected and which triggers all necessary internal activities of the operating system is named scheduler. The scheduler decides whether a task switch is possible according to the implemented scheduling policy. The scheduler can be considered as a resource which can be occupied and released by tasks. Thus a task can reserve the scheduler to avoid task switch until the scheduler is released.
Signal	A signal is responsible for the logical transmission and reception of information depending on the restrictions of the physical layer. The definition of the signal contents is part of the database given by the vehicle manufacturer. Signals describe the significance of the individual data segments within a message. Typically bits, bytes or words are used



for data segments but individual bit combinations are also possible. In the
CAN data base, each data segment is assigned a symbolic name, a
value range, a conversion formula and a physical unit, as well as a list of
receiving nodes.

Table 8-1 Glossary

8.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
AUTOSAR	Automotive Open System Architecture
BSW	Basis Software
CAN	Controller Area Network protocol originally defined for use as a communication network for control applications in vehicles.
Com	AUTOSAR BSW module Com
COM	Communication
DEM	AUTOSAR BSW module Diagnostic Event Manager
DET	AUTOSAR BSW module Development Error Tracer
ECU	Electronic Control Unit
EcuM	AUTOSAR BSW module ECU Manager
HIS	Hersteller Initiative Software
ID	Identifier (e.g. Identifier of a CAN message)
I-PDU	Interactive layer Protocol Data Unit
IpduM	AUTOSAR BSW module I-PDU Multiplexer
IPDUM	I-PDU Multiplexer
MICROSAR	Microcontroller Open System Architecture (the Vector AUTOSAR flavor)
PCI	Protocol Control Information
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PduR	AUTOSAR BSW module Pdu-Router
RAM	Random Access Memory
ROM	Read-Only Memory
SDU	Service Data Unit
SWS	Software Specification

Table 8-2 Abbreviations



9 Contact

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